

☆☆☆ Calculators must be in DEGREE mode (bad modes are GRAD (!) & RAD (!))

A) Review SOH

CAH

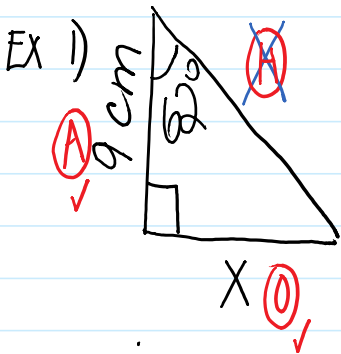
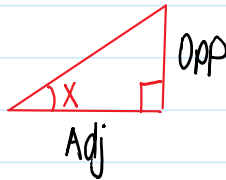
TOA

place angle here

$$\tan \square = \frac{O}{A} \begin{matrix} \text{(opposite)} \\ \text{(adjacent)} \end{matrix}$$

B) The tangent ratio provides a link between the OPP & ADJ sides

$$\tan X^\circ = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$



Steps: solve for X.

#1) Label triangle O, A, H

#2) Choose a trig ratio to solve for X [SOH CAH TOA]

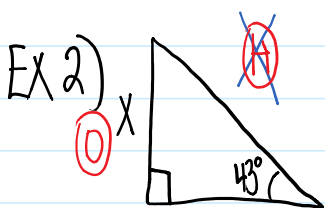
solve:

$$\#3) \tan 62^\circ = \frac{O}{A}$$

$$\frac{\tan 62^\circ}{1} = \frac{X}{9} \quad \text{CROSS MULTIPLY}$$

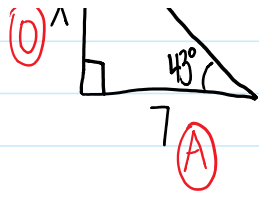
$$X = 9 \tan 62^\circ$$

$$X = 16.93 \checkmark$$



TOA

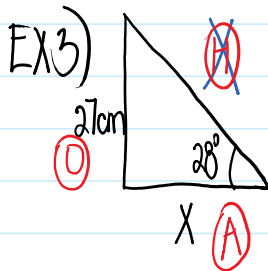
$$\tan 43^\circ = \frac{O}{A}$$



$$\tan 43^\circ = \frac{X}{7}$$

$$X = 7 \tan 43^\circ$$

$$X = 6.53 \checkmark$$



ETDA

$$\tan 28^\circ = \frac{0}{A}$$

$$\tan 28^\circ = \frac{27}{X}$$

how will we isolate X
A: divide both sides by tan 28

$$X \tan 28^\circ = \frac{27}{\tan 28^\circ}$$

$$X = 50.78 \checkmark$$

Assignment:

U6L2 wkst #1-3: (A), (C), #4(A)(C)(D), #5(C) 10 = %